EXAM 4 - MATH 110

Friday, December 13, 2002

INSTRUCTOR: George Voutsadakis

Read each problem **very carefully** before starting to solve it. Each problem is worth 10 points. It is necessary to show your work. Correct answers without explanations are worth 0 points.

GOOD LUCK!!

- 1. (a) Is it true that for all sets A, B, C, if $A \subseteq C$ and $B \subseteq C$, then $A \cup B \subseteq C$? If yes, give a formal proof. If no, give a counterexample.
 - (b) In this problem, for two sets X, Y, we write X ⊈ Y for "it is not the case that X ⊆ Y". Is it true that for all sets A, B, C if A ⊈ B and B ⊈ C, then A ⊈ C? If yes, give a formal proof. If no, give a counterexample.
- 2. (a) i. In how many ways can the letters of the word "EIGHT" be arranged in a row?
 - ii. In how many ways can the letters of "EIGHT" be arranged in a row if G and H must remain together (in order) as a unit?
 - (b) i. How many 16-bit strings contain exactly nine 1's?
 - ii. How many 16-bit strings contain at least fourteen 1's?
 - iii. How many 16-bit strings contain at least one 1?