## HOMEWORK 4 - MATH 151 DUE DATE: Monday, October 23 INSTRUCTOR: George Voutsadakis

Read each problem **very carefully** before starting to solve it. Four out of the ten problems will be chosen at random and graded. Each problem graded is worth 3 points. It is necessary to show **all** your work. Correct answers without explanations are worth 0 points.

## GOOD LUCK!!

- 1. (a) Use your knowledge of the graph of  $f(x) = e^x$  and transformations to sketch the graph of  $g(x) = 2(1 e^{-x})$ .
  - (b) Starting with the graph of  $y = (\frac{1}{2})^x$  write the equation of the graph that results from it by applying the following transformations sequentially: shift 2 units downward, reflect about the *x*-axis, shift to units to the right, stretch horizontally by a factor of 3, shift 5 units to the right and reflect about the *y*-axis.
- 2. Find the domains of the functions  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1-e^x}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{1-3^x}$ .
- 3. Find the limits  $\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{e^{7x} e^{-7x}}{e^{7x} + e^{-7x}}$ ,  $\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{2+5^x}{7-5^x}$ ,  $\lim_{x\to\infty} (e^{-5x}\cos(3x))$ .
- 4. Find formulas for the inverses of the functions  $f(x) = \sqrt{2-7x}$ ,  $g(x) = \frac{2x-1}{5x+3}$ ,  $h(x) = \ln(x+7)$  and  $k(x) = \frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}$ .
- 5. Find a formula for  $f^{-1}(x)$ , determine the domain and range of  $f^{-1}$  and sketch the graphs of f and  $f^{-1}$  on the same system of coordinate axes:
  - (a)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$

(b) 
$$f(x) = 9 - x^2, 0 \le x \le 3$$

- 6. Find  $(f^{-1})'(a)$  if
  - (a)  $f(x) = x^5 x^3 + 2x$  at a = 2
  - (b)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^3 + x^2 + x + 1}$  at a = 2.
- 7. Find the exact value of the expressions  $\log_{1/2} 64$ ,  $\log_8 \frac{1}{64}$  and  $2^{(\log_2 3 + \log_2 5)}$ .
- 8. Use the properties of logarithms to expand or contract as appropriate:
  - (a)  $\ln \sqrt{a(b^2 + c^2)}$
  - (b)  $\ln x + a \ln y b \ln z$
  - (c)  $\ln \frac{3x^2}{(x+5)^3}$
- 9. (a) Solve the equations  $e^{2x+3} 7 = 0$  and  $\ln x + \ln (x-1) = 1$  for x.
  - (b) Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{3 e^{2x}}$  and  $g(x) = \ln(2 + \ln x)$ . Find the domains of f and g, formulas for  $f^{-1}(x)$  and  $g^{-1}(x)$  and the domains of  $f^{-1}$  and  $g^{-1}$ .
- 10. Calculate the following limits:
  - (a)  $\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \ln(\sin x)$
  - (b)  $\lim_{x\to\infty} \left[\ln(2+x) \ln(1+x)\right]$