HOMEWORK 1: SOLUTIONS - MATH 111 INSTRUCTOR: George Voutsadakis

Problem 1 Sketch the graph of y = -2x + 3.

Solution:

Problem 2 Find the x- and y-intercepts of the graph in 1.

Solution:

For the x-intercept, set y = 0. Then -2x + 3 = 0, whence $x = \frac{3}{2}$. For the y-intercept, set x = 0. Then y = 3.

Problem 3 Sketch the graph of y = x - 2.

Solution:

Problem 4 Find the x- and y-intercepts of the graph in 3.

Solution:

For the x-intercept, set y = 0. Then x - 2 = 0, whence x = 2. For the y-intercept, set x = 0. Then y = -2.

Problem 5 Find the slope of the line passing through the origin and the point (-3,1).

Solution:

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{1 - 0}{-3 - 0} = -\frac{1}{3}.$$

Problem 6 Find the equation of the line having slope m=3 and y-intercept b=-2.

Solution:

Use the slope intercept form y = mx + b. Since the slope m = 3 and the y-intercept is b = -2, we have y = 3x - 2. Thus (c) is the correct answer.

Problem 7 Find the equation of the line that is parallel to y = -x + 5 and goes through the point (2,5).

Solution:

The slopes of the two lines will have to be the same since they are parallel. Thus the slope of the line we are looking for is m = -1. Now since we also have the point (a, b) = (2, 5) on that line we may use the point-slope form y - b = m(x - a). We get y - 5 = -1(x - 2) or y - 5 = -x + 2, i.e., y = -x + 7.

Problem 8 Find the equation of the line that has slope m = -2 and goes through the point (-2,3).

Solution:

Working in the same way as in 7, with m=-2 and (a,b)=(-2,3), we get y-3=-2(x+2) or y=-2x-1.